GALLERY VIII

WATERCOLORS FROM LOUIS COMFORT TIFFANY'S "LITTLE ARCADIA"

OBJECT GUIDE



Bell peppers, c. 1901. Watercolor, graphite on paper; Alice Carmen Gouvy, 1863-1924 (89-003).

Louis Comfort Tiffany's idyllic enamel department was located seven miles outside the New York City borough of Manhattan. Watercolor studies, examining plant species in detail, lined the walls where, between 1900 and 1902, designers Alice Carmen Gouvy (1863–1924) and Lillian A. Palmié (1873–1944) worked through their ideas for works to be transformed into shimmering enamels, richly glazed pottery, and crisp bronze work. Employees at the Tiffany Studios workshops in Manhattan somewhat enviously referred to the Corona department, located in the New York City borough of Queens, as "little Arcadia," noting that the artists there were able to freely pursue their creativity without the stresses of Tiffany's more commercially driven workshops.

- 1) Bell peppers, c. 1901 Watercolor, graphite on paper Alice Carmen Gouvy, 1863-1924 Signed, lower left: A. C. G. Marks: [ENAM]EL DEPT. / [S.] G. CO. / TIFFANY FURNACES. (89-003)
- 2) Top to bottom:

Dandelion, c. 1900 Watercolor. graphite on paper Probably Alice Carmen Gouvy, 1863-1924 Marks: TIFFANY FURNACES. / 124 Potteru /



ENAMEL DEPT. / S.G. CO. Paper labels: 92. / Dandlion [sic] (89-009)

Skunk Cabbage. c. 1901 Watercolor, Alice Carmen Signed, left sheet,

graphite on paper Gouvy, 1863-1924 lower right: A. C. Gouvy Signed, right sheet, lower middle: A. C. Gouvy Marks: Skunk Cabbage Marks, both sheets: TIFFANY FURNACES. / ENAMEL DEPT. / S. G. CO. Paper labels: SKUNK / Cabbage / 205. Museum purchase with funds donated by Lillian Nassau LLC (2020-007)

3) Bittersweet, November 1900 Watercolor, graphite on paper Alice Carmen Gouvy, 1863-1924 Signed, lower center: A. C. Gouvy - Nov- 1900 Marks: TIFFANY FURNACES. / ENAMEL DEPT. / S. G. CO. / TIFFANY FURNACES. Paper labels: 28. / BITTER- / SWEET (89-017)

Women's Work

Louis Comfort Tiffany (1848–1933) promoted women's talents in the decorative arts and publicly employed them. Most notable were the female employees—referred to as the "Tiffany Girls"—supervised by Clara Driscoll (1861–1944), head of the Women's Glass Cutting Department at Tiffany Studios in Manhattan since the 1890s. While Driscoll's artists worked on large commissions like windows and mosaics early on, by 1900 an expansion of the overall company led to honing artists into specialized departments. Driscoll directed a team making lamps and fancy goods in Manhattan. A separate department, focused on Tiffany's special projects in enamel, then pottery, opened in Corona, Queens. Here workers could be both close to the production facilities and far from the watch of the corporate financial managers.

4) Top to bottom:

Cedar Berry. c. 1901 Watercolor, graphite on paper Alice Carmen Gouvy, 1863-1924

Signed, lower center: A.C. Gouvy Marks: TIFFANY FURNACES. / ENAMEL DEPT. / S. G. CO./ Stourbridge Paper labels: 59. / CEDAR / BERRY (89-011)

Cedar, c. 1901 Watercolor, graphite on paper Probably Alice Carmen Gouvy, 1863-1924 Marks: TIFFANY FURNACES. / ENAMEL DEPT. / S. G. CO. / Cedar Paper label: 58. (89-010)

"There they sit with snow-covered trees out of the windows and beautiful studies on the walls, and vases of seed pods and dried leaves and everything both in nature and art."

> —Clara Driscoll letter describing Tiffany's "little Arcadia," 1902

The Artists

Alice Carmen Gouvy, 1863-1924 Educated in her hometown at the Cleveland School of Art, Gouvy moved to Manhattan in 1896 to continue study at the Art Students League. Following her graduation two years later, she began working in Louis Comfort Tiffany's newly formed enamel department. By 1902 she, along with the department, found their creative niche in Corona, Queens. Gouvy became the head of the department in 1903, experimenting with enamel, pottery, and bronze design until 1907 when she returned to Cleveland to teach.

Lillian A. Palmié, 1873-1944 Palmié and her twin sister Marion were born in the New York City borough of Brooklyn, Around 1897. both talented artists went to work for Tiffany as clerks. Then, Marion moved to Manhattan to work under Clara Driscoll's supervision, and Lillian settled in the enamel department in Corona, Queens until at least 1903. The Palmié family owned a hotel in Point Pleasant. New Jersey that was frequented by many designers at Tiffany Studios. Lillian was a talented designer for a variety of materials. Driscoll mentions her painting pottery as well as her successful design of a wild carrot candlestick in bronze. In 1910, she was designing jewelry. Her wedding announcement to Earl Cox, a former accountant at Corning Glass Company, in 1923 described her as "a successful enamel designer in an experimental laboratory at Tiffany Furnaces."

- 5) Cabbage, August 1902 Watercolor, graphite on paper Lillian A. Palmié. 1873-1944 Signed, lower right: L. A. Palmié / Aug. 1902 Marks: TIFFANY FURNACES. / ENAMEL DEPT. / S. G. CO. Paper labels: 89. / Cabbage (89-020)
- 6) Vines, October 1901 Watercolor, graphite on paper Alice Carmen Gouvy, 1863-1924 Signed, lower right: A. C. Gouvy / Oct 1901 (89-004)
- 7) Tomatoes, September 13, 1902 Watercolor, graphite on paper Alice Carmen Gouvy, 1863-1924 Signed, lower right: A. C. Gouvy / Sep. 13 190[2] Marks: TIFFANY FURNACES. (89-021)
- 8) Top to bottom:

Tulips, c. 1901 Watercolor, graphite on paper Probably Lillian A. Palmié. 1873-1944 Mark: TIFFANY FURNACES.



Paper label: TULIPS. / 216. (89-008)

Wild Cherry, c. 1901 Watercolor, graphite on paper Probably Alice Carmen Gouvy, 1863-1924 Marks: TIFFANY FURNACES. / Cherry Wild Paper label: 56.

9) Top to bottom:

(89-016)

Beach Plum. c. 1901 Watercolor. graphite on paper Alice Carmen Gouvy, 1863-1924



Signed, lower center: A. C. Gouvy Marks: TIFFANY FURNACES. / ENAMEL DEPT. / S. G. CO. / Plum (Beach) Paper label: 184. (89-018)

Wild Cherry, c. 1901 Watercolor, graphite on paper Probably Alice Carmen Gouvy, 1863-1924 Marks: TIFFANY FURNACES. / ENAMEL DEPT. / S. G. CO. Paper labels: 55. / Cherry / (Wild) (89-006)

"No one ever comes and asks them when they will finish a thing or how much it will cost to execute their designs."

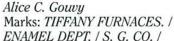
> —Clara Driscoll letter describing Tiffany's "little Arcadia," 1902

Working Documents

The watercolor studies, though beautiful works of art, were also working documents. The various ink and pencil markings found on the studies reveal the collaboration between the primary artwork, signed by the artist, and the assorted stamps and labels reflecting the production process. Serving as the first step in portraying naturalistic details, the imagery would be translated into three dimensional forms produced at the glasshouse, kiln, or foundry at Corona, Queens. The watercolors were created for the enamel department at Tiffany's Stourbridge Glass Company (1893–1902) as it was being renamed Tiffany Furnaces, Inc. (1902–20), resulting in the two stamps on the studies. The change of name reflected the addition of specialized facilities for manufacturing pottery and metalwork as well as glass. The paper labels most likely indicate a sorting system used for reference during the stages of production.

10) Top to bottom:

Violets, c. 1901 Watercolor. graphite on paper Alice Carmen Gouvy, 1863-1924 Signed, lower center:



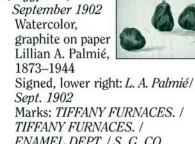
Violets

Paper labels: 232. / Violets

(89-007)

Magnolia, c. 1901 Watercolor, graphite on paper Alice Carmen Gouvy, 1863-1924 Signed, lower right: AC Gouvy Marks: [Mag]nolia / TIFFANY FURNACES. / ENAMEL DEPT. / S. G. CO. Paper labels: 154. / Magnolia (1998-036)

11) Berries, September 12, 1902 Watercolor, graphite on paper Lillian A. Palmié, 1873-1944 Signed: L. A. Palmié / Sept. 12th 1902. Marks: TIFFANY FURNACES. / ENAMEL DEPT. / S. G. CO. / Berries Paper labels: 34. / 34 / Berries. (89-015)



ENAMEL DEPT. / S. G. CO. Paper labels: 109. / Egg / Plant (89-014)

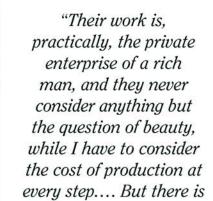
12) Eggplant,

13) Chestnut Fruit, c. 1901 Watercolor, graphite on paper Lillian A. Palmié, 1873–1944

Signed, lower right: L. A. Palmié

Marks: TIFFANY FURNACES. / ENAMEL DEPT. / S. G. CO. Paper labels: 73. / Chestnut /

Fruit (89-019)



—Clara Driscoll letter describing Tiffany's "little Arcadia," 1902

this comfort, I can earn more than any of them and that is something..."



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